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INTRODUCTION AND PROTOCOL OVERVIEW

Human β-Defensin 2 (HBD-2) is a 4.3 kDa cysteine-rich cationic low-molecular weight peptide recently discovered in psoriatic lesional skin and in the infected lung epithelia of patients with cystic fibrosis. Human β-Defensin 2 is produced by stimulation of Epithelial cells with microorganisms such as cytokines TNF-alpha and IL-1 beta. It is speculated that Human β-Defensin 2's role is to protect the local epithelial and respiratory tract from infection, providing a possible reason why skin and lung infections with Gram-negative bacteria are rather rare. In addition to their direct antimicrobial activities, they are chemoattractant towards immature dendritic cells and memory T cells.

Phoenix Pharmaceutical’s Human β -Defensin 2 ELISA Kit is designed to measure the concentration of Human β -Defensin 2 from human serum/plasma, or conditioned medium.

The immunoplate in this kit is precoated with anti-Human β -Defensin 2 Capture Antibody and the nonspecific binding sites are blocked. The Human β -Defensin 2 in the sample or in the standard solution can bind to the capture antibody immobilized in the wells. After washing procedure, the Biotinylated anti-Human β-Defensin 2 Detection Antibody which can bind to the Human β-Defensin 2 trapped in the wells is added. After washing, the Streptavidin-Horseradish Peroxidase (SA-HRP) which catalyzes the Substrate Solution (TMB) is added. The enzyme-substrate reaction is terminated by the addition of a stop solution. The intensity of the color is directly proportional to the amount of Human β-Defensin 2 in the standard solutions or samples. A standard curve of Human β-Defensin 2 with known concentration can be established accordingly. The Human β -Defensin 2 with unknown concentration in samples can be determined by extrapolation to this standard curve.

ASSAY CONDITIONS

Plasma, serum, culture media, tissue homogenate, CSF, urine or any biological fluid can be assayed as long as the level of the sample is high enough the for the sensitivity of the kit to detect it.
CAUTION: Phoenix Pharmaceuticals guarantees that its products conform to the information contained in this publication. The purchaser must determine the suitability of the product for its particular use and establish optimum sample concentrations.

Assay Principle

**Human BD-2 Standards or Samples**

1. Anti-BD-2 (H) Capture antibody
2. Biotinylated anti-BD-2(H) detection antibody
3. Streptadivin-HRP
4. Substrate (TMB)

**Color Development**
LIST OF COMPONENTS
Store all components at 4°C. DO NOT FREEZE.

1. 20x Assay Buffer Concentrate (50ml)............Catalog No. EK-BUF

2. 96 Well anti-Human β-Defensin 2.......Catalog No. EK-Plate-072-37 Capture Antibody-Coated Plate (1 plate)

3. Human β-Defensin 2 Standard...............Catalog No. EK-S-072-37 (5000pg/vial)

4. Biotinylated anti-Human β-Defensin 2....Catalog No. EK-D-072-37 Detection Antibody (1 vial)

5. Human β-Defensin 2 Positive Control...Catalog No. EK-PC-072-37 (2 vials)

6. Streptavidin-Horseradish Peroxidase.........Catalog No. EK-HRP (SA-HRP) (30µl)

7. Substrate Solution (TMB) (12ml).................Catalog No. EK-SS

8. Stop Solution 2N HCl (15ml) ..................Catalog No. EK-HCL

9. Acetate Plate Sealer (APS) (3 pieces)...........Catalog No. EK-APS

10. Assay Diagram (1 sheet)

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED
- Micropipettor(s) and disposable pipette tips
- Multi-channel pipette capable of dispensing 50-100µl
- Solution Reservoir (recommended)
- Microtiter plate washer (recommended)
- Orbital plate shaker capable of 300-500 rpm (recommended)
- Microtiter plate reader capable of absorbance measurement 450nm
- Well-closed containers (15ml tubes or more in capacity)
- Absorbent material for blotting
REAGENT PREPARATION

Note: The kit should be equilibrated to room temperature (20-23°C) before opening any vials and starting the assay. It is highly recommended that the solutions be used as soon as possible after rehydration.

1. **1x Assay Buffer:** Dilute the **20x** Assay Buffer Concentrate with 950ml of distilled water. This assay buffer will be used to wash the plate and reconstitute all of the other components in this kit. If crystals are observed in the **20x** Assay Buffer warm the bottle in a 37°C water bath for approximately, 30 minutes or until the crystals disappear. After preparation, store 1x Assay Buffer at 4°C.

2. **Biotinylated anti-Human β-Defensin 2 Detection Antibody:** Rehydrate Biotinylated anti-Human β-Defensin 2Detection Antibody with 100µl of 1x Assay Buffer, vortex (centrifuge the tube to dislodge powder from the cap or walls). Dilute Biotinylated anti-Human β-Defensin 2 Detection Antibody to 1:100 and mix thoroughly before use.

3. **Streptavidin-Horseradish Peroxidase (SA-HRP):** Centrifuge the HRP vial (30µl) provided in this kit (3,000-5,000 rpm, 5 seconds) and dilute HRP with 1x Assay Buffer to 1:2000 before use. Vortex thoroughly.

4. **Human β-Defensin 2 Positive Control:** Rehydrate Human β-Defensin 2 Positive Control with 250µl of 1x Assay Buffer (centrifuge the tube to dislodge powder from cap or walls). Vortex thoroughly.

HUMAN β-Defensin 2 STANDARD PREPARATION

1. Rehydrate recombinant Human β-Defensin 2 Standard with 1 ml 1x Assay Buffer, vortex. Allow the solution to sit at least 10 minutes at room temperature (20-23°C) to completely dissolve in solution. Vortex and centrifuge before use. The concentration of this stock solution is 5000pg/ml.

2. Prepare Human β-Defensin 2 standard solutions as follows:
β-DEFENSIN 2 (HUMAN) ELISA KIT PROTOCOL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard No.</th>
<th>Std. volume</th>
<th>Assay Buffer</th>
<th>Concentrations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stock Powder</td>
<td>1000μl</td>
<td>1000μl</td>
<td>5000pg/ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#1 200μl of Stock</td>
<td>800μl</td>
<td>1000pg/ml</td>
<td>5000pg/ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#2 500μl of #1</td>
<td>500μl</td>
<td>500pg/ml</td>
<td>250pg/ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#3 500μl of #2</td>
<td>500μl</td>
<td>125pg/ml</td>
<td>125pg/ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#4 500μl of #3</td>
<td>500μl</td>
<td>62.5pg/ml</td>
<td>62.5pg/ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#5 500μl of #4</td>
<td>500μl</td>
<td>31.2pg/ml</td>
<td>31.2pg/ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#6 500μl of #5</td>
<td>500μl</td>
<td>15.6pg/ml</td>
<td>15.6pg/ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#7 500μl of #6</td>
<td>500μl</td>
<td>7.8pg/ml</td>
<td>7.8pg/ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#8 500μl of #7</td>
<td>500μl</td>
<td>3.9pg/ml</td>
<td>3.9pg/ml</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**HUMAN β-Defensin 2 ELISA PROTOCOL**

1. Thoroughly read this protocol before performing an assay. Allow all reagents to come to room temperature (20-23°C) prior to the start of the assay.
2. Remove Capture Antibody-Coated Plate from its zip-lock foil pouch. Remove unneeded strips from the plate frame, reseal them in the foil pouch, and return the foil pouch to 4°C.
3. Wash each well with 300μl of 1x Assay Buffer. Allow it to sit for at least five minutes. Discard the buffer, invert and blot dry plate. Do not let wells dry before proceeding to the next step.
4. Leave wells A-1 and A-2 empty as Blank.

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5. Add 100μl of the prepared Human β-Defensin 2 Standard solutions from #7 to #1 (reverse order of serial dilution) in duplicate to each well.

6. Add 100μl of Human β-Defensin 2 Positive Control solution in duplicate.

7. Add 100μl diluted samples in duplicate into their designated wells.

8. Seal the immunoplate with Acetate Plate Sealer (APS). Incubate for 2 hours at room temperature (20-23°C) on a plate shaker (300-400 rpm).

9. Before washing the plate, remove the plate sealer carefully. Completely discard the liquid from wells. Wash each well with 300-350μl assay buffer four times. At the end of each the wash, discard the buffer, invert the plate, and tap on a clean absorbent towel.

10. Add 100μl Biotinylated anti-Human β-Defensin 2 Detection Antibody into each well. Reseal the immunoplate with plate sealer and incubate for 2 hours at room temperature (20-23°C) on a plate shaker (300-400 rpm).

11. Wash 4 times with the 1x Assay Buffer as described in step 9.

12. Add 100μl SA-HRP solution into each well. Reseal the immunoplate with plate sealer and incubate the plate for 30 minutes at room temperature (20-23°C) on plate shaker (300-400 rpm).

13. Wash 4 times with the 1x Assay Buffer as described in step 9.

14. Add 100μl Substrate Solution (TMB) provided in this kit into each well. Reseal the plate with plate sealer to protect from light and incubate the plate for 20-30 minutes at room temperature (20-23°C) on a plate shaker (300-400 rpm).

15. Add 100μl Stop Solution (2N Hydrochloric Acid) into each well to stop the reaction. The color in the well should change from blue to yellow. If the color change does not appear to be uniform, gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing. Proceed to the next step within 20 minutes.

16. Read Absorbance O.D. at 450nm using a Microtiter Plate Reader.
**ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDED PROCEDURAL NOTES:**

- Reagents of different lot numbers should not be mixed.
- Recheck the reagent labels when loading the plate to ensure that everything is added correctly.
- Unused microplate strips should be placed in the foil pouch with a desiccant and stored at 4°C. Do not allow moisture to enter the wells.
- When handling the plate, avoid touching the bottom.
- Manual washing may cause high duplicate coefficient variations. To reduce this factor, liquid from the plate should be removed by inverting and blotting the plate on an absorbent material.
- If the room temperature is not within the suggested range (20-23°C), variations in results may occur.
- The same reservoir for the reagents may be reused if the reservoir is washed well with distilled water before each use.
- Each laboratory must determine the appropriate dilution factors for the samples to be measured to ensure that the samples are within the dynamic range of the standard curve.
- High levels of interfering proteins may cause variations within the sample results, therefore, it is imperative to select the appropriate sample preparation procedure to obtain the optimal results.
- Each time a new tip is used, make sure the tip is secure and free of air bubbles. For better intra-assay variation, aspirate and expel a reagent or sample back into the container a few times prior to loading.
- Avoid submerging the whole tip into reagents because droplets can accumulate at the end of the tip causing an excess of reagent to be loaded into the well. This can lead to poor results.
- For optimal results, an orbital plate shaker capable of 300-500 rpm is recommended for all incubations.
- Modification of the existing protocol (i.e. standard dilutions, pipetting technique, washing technique, incubation time or temperature, storage conditions, and kit expiration) may affect the sensitivity and specificity of the test.
SUMMARY OF ASSAY PROTOCOL

Add 100μl/well of Human β-Defensin 2 Standard, Positive Control or Samples

- Incubate at room temperature (20-23°C) for 2 hours

- Wash immunoplate 4 times with 350μl/well of 1x Assay Buffer

Add 100μl/well of Biotinylated Anti-Human β-Defensin 2 Detection Antibody

- Incubate at room temperature (20-23°C) for 2 hours

- Wash immunoplate 4 times with 350μl/well of 1x Assay Buffer

Add 100μl/well of SA-HRP solution

- Incubate at room temperature (20-23°C) for 30 minutes

- Wash immunoplate 4 times with 350μl/well of 1x Assay Buffer

Add 100μl/well of Substrate Solution (TMB)

- Incubate at room temperature (20-23°C) for 20-30 Minutes

- Terminate reaction with 100μl/well of 2N HCl

Read absorbance O.D. at 450nm and calculate results
**CALCULATION OF RESULTS**

Plot the standard curve on log-log graph paper. Known concentration of Human β-Defensin 2 Standard and its corresponding O.D. reading is plotted on the log scale (X-axis) and the log scale (Y-axis), respectively. The standard curve shows a correlated relationship between Human β-Defensin 2 concentrations and the corresponding O.D. absorbance. As the standard concentration increases, the intensity of the yellow color, and in turn the O.D. absorbance, increases.

The concentration of Human β-Defensin 2 within a sample is determined by plotting the sample's O.D. on the Y-axis, then drawing a horizontal line to intersect with the standard curve. A vertical line dropped from this point will intersect the X-axis at a coordinate corresponding to the Human β-Defensin 2 concentration in the unknown sample.

Refer to QC Data sheet for acceptable values of the positive control.
**STORAGE**

1. Store the kit at 4°C upon receipt. The kit should be equilibrated to room temperature (20-23°C) before assay.
2. Store 1x Assay Buffer at 4°C.
3. Remove any unneeded strips from Human β-Defensin 2 antibody-Coated plate, reseal them in zip-lock foil and keep at 4°C.
4. Keep rehydrated solution of Human β-Defensin 2 Standard, Biotinylated anti-Human β-Defensin 2 Detection Antibody and SA-HRP at 4°C. Prepare only the required amount.

**NOTE:**

1. It is recommended that the solutions be used on the same day of rehydration.
2. After adding Stop Solution, read the plate within 20 minutes.

**REFERENCES**
